Author’s response to reviews

Title: Application effect of apatinib in patients with failure of standard treatment for advanced malignant tumours

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Author’s response to reviews:

Dear Editor:

We must thank you and all other reviewers for the critical feedback. I have submitted the revised manuscript online as required. We feel lucky that the valuable comments helped us with the improvement of our manuscript. Please do forward our heartfelt thanks to these experts.

Below you will find our point-by-point responses to the comments/questions:

1. In the Ethics approval and consent to participate subsection please provide the clarifying detail that consent was obtained from patients in written form via signed document.

   The patient is treated strictly in accordance with the drug instructions during treatment and sign an informed document. According to the principle of voluntary and informed consent, all patients signed an informed document and obtained written consent from the patient. The signed document template has been uploaded to the Supplementary Material. Informed documents and detailed treatment information signed by the patient are kept in the archives of the hospital, and will maximize the protection of patients’ rights and privacy.

2. While assessing your manuscript we found several instances where the text displayed overlap with other previously published works, in particular:


Overlap with this previously published work was found mainly in the 1st through seventh lines of the Background section.
According to the World Health Organization (WHO), 3/5 people worldwide die from cancer, diabetes, cardiovascular disease, and chronic respiratory diseases, and cancer is one of the leading causes of death. The 2018 Global Cancer Burden Status Report estimates that there were approximately 18.1 million new cancer cases and 9.6 million cancer deaths in 2018. Among all tumors, lung cancer is the most commonly diagnosed cancer and the leading cause of cancer death. The incidence of breast cancer in women, followed by the incidence of prostate cancer and colorectal cancer in men is also increasing.

Angiogenesis plays an important role in tumor growth and metastasis. Anti-angiogenic drugs block the formation of new blood vessels, kill or destroy tumor blood vessels. Thereby inhibiting tumor growth and metastasis. The treatment of solid tumors with angiogenesis inhibitors has proven to be effective.

Thank you very much for your suggestion, we have carefully reviewed and revised the duplicates.

3. At this stage, please upload your manuscript as a single, final, clean version that does not contain any tracked changes, comments, highlights, strikethroughs or text in different colours. All relevant tables/figures/additional files should also be clean versions. Figures (and additional files) should remain uploaded as separate files.

We have uploaded the manuscript as required. Thank you very much for your suggestion and make my manuscript more perfect. We really want to publish this article in BMC Pharmacology and Toxicology. This will be our pleasure. Thank you.