In this revised manuscript, the authors concluded that outer retinal tubulation may demonstrate the inactivity of choroidal neovascularization. One of the reasons is that they found a statistically significant connection between outer retinal tubulation (ORT) development and the presence of subretinal hyperreflective material (SHRM) at treatment initiation. Please add the data about the relation between the number of injection and the presence of SHRM, before the publication of this manuscript.

Dear Dr. Taichi Hikichi:

We really appreciate your great patience and guidance on revising the paper. Our manuscript has been revised according to your suggestions. The following are the amendments. The revised contents are underlined in the manuscript.
Modified as:

By means of SD OCT (spectral domain optical coherence tomography), outer retinal tubulations (ORTs) are mostly observed of circular or ovoid shape, with hyperreflective material in the borders. ORTs are frequently found in eyes with CNV and geographic atrophy. The presence of these structures play an important role in the indications of next anti-VEGF drugs applications. Their non-detection may cause unneeded re-applications of anti-VEGF drugs into the vitreous.

(Discussion section, Line259-265)