Author’s response to reviews

Title: Prevalence and risk factors of premature coronary artery disease in patients undergoing coronary angiography in Kurdistan, Iraq

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Version: 2 Date: 28 September 2015

Author’s response to reviews: see over
The author's response to reviews

Title: Prevalence and Risk Factors of Premature Coronary Artery Disease in Patients Undergoing Coronary Angiography in Kurdistan, Iraq

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Sept 25th, 2015
To editors,
BMC Cardiovascular Disorders. (Coronary section)

Editor's comments:

1) lesions less than 50%, between 50 and 70% and more than 70% are reported in table 1. Please perform sensitivity analysis for this classification of lesions as already requested

Author response: A table of sensitivity analysis was performed and added to text.

2) Confidence interval for multivariate analysis should be added

Author response: A logistic regression was done and odds ratios with confidence intervals were added.

3) Lack of HIV is interesting. please add in the text with the following citations, as already requested (s D’Ascenzo F1, Cerrato E2, Appleton D3, Moretti C1, Calcagno A4, Abouzaki N3, Vetrovec G3, Lhermusier T5, Carrie D6, Das Neves B7, Escaned J7, Cassese S8, Kastrati A8, Chinaglia A4, Belli R9, Capodanno D5, Tamburino C6, Santilli F10, Parodi G11, Vachiat A12, Manga P12, Vignali L13, Mancone M14, Sardella G14, Fedele F1, Di Nicolantonio JJ15, Omedè P1, Bonora S16, Gaita F1, Abbate A17, Zoccai GB18; Percutaneous coronary intervention and surgical revascularization in HIV Database (PHD) Study Investigators.).

Author response: This paragraph [Though recognized as an important risk factor for ACS in PCAD, HIV significantly impacts the trend of mortality increase in such patients. Interestingly, however, our study did not show any]
registered cases of which HIV caused PCAD] discussion section with above citation were added to discussion section.

Many thanks,
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