Reviewer's report

Title: Annular leucocytoclastic vasculitis associated with anti-tuberculous medications: a case report

Version: 2 Date: 15 August 2012

Reviewer: Daisuke Tsuruta

Which of the following best describes what type of case report this is?: An unexpected event in the course of observing or treating a patient

Has the case been reported coherently?: Yes

Is the case report authentic?: No

Is the case report ethical?: Yes

Is there any missing information that you think must be added before publication?: Yes

Is this case worth reporting?: No

Is the case report persuasive?: No

Does the case report have explanatory value?: No

Does the case report have diagnostic value?: No

Will the case report make a difference to clinical practice?: No

Is the anonymity of the patient protected?: Yes

Comments to authors:

ALV is a rare disease entity. The speculation they made is kind of interesting. However, unfortunately, they could not perform any tests which convince that ALV was really caused by anti-tuberculous medications. In addition, which of these medications caused ALV? Why ALV symptoms occurred after cessation of these drugs, even though exanthematous rash was convincingly diminished after cessation of these drugs? They have to do some skin tests, blood tests or provocation tests in order to convincing that ALV was really caused by anti-tuberculous drugs.

Quality of written English: Not suitable for publication unless extensively edited

Declaration of competing interests:
None of all.