Discretionary revisions:
Page 5, para 2
Marital status and covariates
It is a pity that you couldn’t distinguish those married from those cohabiting. Some studies have found that cohabiting, perhaps because of the lack of legal security in the relationship, was worse for women’s mental health than being married. The unmarried category is slightly problematic as it does include women who were previously married, divorced, separated and widowed. There is quite a lot of literature suggesting that widows may be particularly at risk of heart disease. Similarly, those who are divorced and separated having gone through the trauma of the break up might be more at risk because of that. I wonder if you would consider doing some sensitivity analyses using just the 'single' group as the reference group to see whether you find the same effects, if numbers will allow?

Page 6, para 3
Among the lifestyle factors did you consider including diet?

Page 12, para 1
I don’t think you can confidently say that social support is not a mediator in that the variables you’ve used to indicate social interactions are fairly indirect in terms of measures of quality of social support which might be the key factor.

Quality of written English: Acceptable

Statistical review: Yes, and I have assessed the statistics in my report.

Declaration of competing interests:
I declare that I have no competing interests