Author's response to reviews

Title: Using a state cancer registry to recruit young breast cancer survivors and high-risk relatives: a protocol of a randomized trial testing the efficacy of a targeted versus a tailored intervention to increase breast cancer screening

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The study protocol has been peer reviewed and received funding from the Centers of Disease Control and Prevention, Grant Award: 5U48DP001901-03, SIP11-044.

The study protocol has also been peer reviewed by the University of Michigan Protocol Review Committee and Institutional Review Board. Study number: HUM00055949.

This study will expand public health knowledge about breast cancer surveillance practices among YBCS, their perceived facilitators and barriers to screening, and their willingness to advocate for their high-risk relatives. The study aims to increase breast cancer surveillance and breast cancer screening among women at greatest risk, namely young breast cancer survivors and their family members. This innovative approach of identifying high-risk women through existing public health data may lead to a new method of family history collection and breast cancer risk assessment. Finally, this study is among the first to evaluate two versions (Targeted vs. Enhanced Tailored) of a printed intervention as a means of increasing breast cancer screening in young breast cancer survivors and their high-risk relatives. This novel approach will likely expand our knowledge about
interventions that can increase breast cancer screening among women at substantially higher risk.