Interpretation of the chart flows from the top downwards; supply, demand, quality. The data of this example shows supply-side constraints of limited availability of trained health workers (84%) as well as physical accessibility to services (only 69% of households are within one hour). Removal of this constraint would be expected to increase service utilisation. The reduction between first use and quality coverage directs policy makers to examine why, if ~70% of the population are able to easily access care is uptake of modern methods only 44% and only 24% are receiving the required service. The indicators shown in this example varied in some settings due to limitations in data availability. This has been especially problematic in terms of quality indicators although quality was always discussed in workshops by health planners as an influential factor to demand.