**ycf2 error in the Oenothera elata genome**

The sequencing results show that extensive regions of the 7 kb ycf2 locus from *Nicotiana tabacum* (tobacco), the very first angiosperm plastid genome to be sequenced [1], were somehow incorporated into the *O. elata* genome sequence when it was assembled and published [2]. A previously sequenced 345-bp repeat region of the *Oenothera elata* ycf2 gene [3] agrees with our sequence exactly but differs from the genome sequence, providing independent validation of our sequence. Alternatively, but extremely unlikely, a very recent HGT event occurred between *Nicotiana* and the *O. elata* strain used for genome sequencing by Hupfer et al. [2]. With this likely error in mind, we inspected the rest of the published genome sequence for *O. elata* and did not find any other strong evidence for tobacco sequences erroneously incorporated into the genome sequence (there may be a small amount of tobacco sequence incorporated in the *O. elata* 23S rRNA gene, but we did not pursue this further). Nonetheless, the published plastid genome sequence of *O. elata* should be treated with caution in all phylogenetic and other comparative studies.

