\[
\frac{T_g(h)}{T_{gb}} \quad \text{vs} \quad h \quad \text{(nm)}
\]

The graph shows the normalized glass transition temperature \( \frac{T_g(h)}{T_{gb}} \) as a function of thickness \( h \) (in nm). Different curves represent various temperatures: 0 K, 50 K, 100 K, 150 K, 200 K, 250 K, and 295 K. The inset highlights the trend at lower thickness values.