INTERVENTION COMPONENTS
- Screening
- Environmental observation
- Inviting women to participate
- Retention of women
- Training of GPs
- Application of stages of change
- Motivational interviewing
- Problem solving & goal setting
- Inviting women to counselling sessions
- Recall/reminders

CAUSAL MODEL
- Women’s baseline characteristics (e.g. fear level, readiness for change)
  - Theory of Planned Behaviour
    - (snapshot of GP & women’s behavioural beliefs, normative beliefs & perceived behavioural control)
  - Counselling (central) intervention – focus on relationship-centred care and behavioural activation
  - Outcomes
    - Improved quality of life
    - Increased mental health
    - Increases in safety planning and behaviour

EVALUATION (DATA SOURCE)
- Women’s baseline (postal) survey
- Barriers and facilitators to intervention (interviews; GP surveys)
- Experiences of intervention – what work did GPs & women do? Recommendations for modification (interviews; 6 month survey; audio-recording of sessions)
- For whom and when does the intervention work? Individual & contextual factors influencing uptake/impact of intervention; evaluation of mediators & moderators (interviews; 6 month survey)
- What does the intervention achieve? Perceived benefits for women; GPs’ care of women; unintended pos/neg consequences (interviews; surveys at 12)