**Stage 1**
- Creation of draft questionnaire from existing questionnaires
- Creation of core project team (self-selected members of ROAM)

December 2010 - April 2011

**Stage 2**
- Based on Round 1:
  - The draft questionnaire was revised to incorporate topics and related questions identified by the Delphi expert panel.
- Based on Round 2:
  - 14 questions added
  - 44 questions eliminated
  - 18 more questions marked for potential elimination
  - Created a ‘core’ set of questions which could be used as a shortened stand-alone questionnaire (n=86)

April-May 2011 - July-August 2011

**Stage 3**
- Based on Round 3:
  - ‘Core’ and long-form version of questionnaires retained
  - Long-form reduced to 112 questions
- Translated into French & Spanish and back-translated
- Culturally validated through group discussions
- Interview guide developed

October 2011 - December 2011

**Stage 4**
- Pilot-tested

January - March 2012

**Delphi Round 1**
- Respondent demographics
  - N = 52, from 17 countries
  - Researchers (49%), clinicians (21.5%), epidemiologists or statisticians (17.7%), policy-makers (2.0%)

- Results
  - Consistently identified MFMC topics were:
    - Migrants’ access to care
    - Receiving appropriate information, availability of interpreters and/or translated resources
    - Migrants’ perceived quality of care, perceived discrimination
    - Clinical outcomes
    - Caregiver awareness, attitude & responsiveness towards migrants
    - Socio-demographic information
    - Structural/policy issues affecting care

**Delphi Round 2**
- Respondent demographics
  - N = 48, from 14 countries
  - Researchers (61.9%), clinicians (30.9%), epidemiologists (23.8%), and/or public health professionals (16.7%)

- Results
  - Focus: 90.7% of respondents felt the MFMCQ captured all important aspects of MFMC assessment
  - Length: 88.1% felt the MFMCQ should be shortened;
    - 62.8% felt that the questionnaire could easily be administered by telephone, especially if it was shortened
  - Usefulness: 141/144 questions were rated as “important” or “essential” by >50% of respondents;
    - 96.2% felt it would be appropriate to administer it at 4 months post-birth

**Delphi Round 3**
- Respondent demographics
  - N = 34, from 12 countries
  - Researchers (55.2%), clinicians (37.9%), epidemiologists/statisticians (37.9%), public health professionals (13.8%)

- Results
  - Clarity: 100% of questions were rated as “clear” by >85% of respondents
  - Elimination of questions: >50% of respondents agreed to the elimination of 5/18 questions.
  - Core questions: 38% suggested just the ‘core’ questions were sufficient, 32% voted to have both the ‘core’ and the long-form versions available