Supplemental Materials

Political Behavior
The Politics of Interpersonal Trust and Reciprocity: An Experimental Approach

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*corresponding author
Table A1: Partisan Differences in Player 1 Ticket Allocations in the Trust Game (weak partisan identifiers removed)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Mean (s.e.)</th>
<th>p-value</th>
<th>p-value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>t-test</td>
<td>Wilcoxon signed-rank test</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Co-Partisans minus Rival Partisans</td>
<td>1.62 (.60)</td>
<td>.005</td>
<td>.002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Co-Partisans minus Anonymous</td>
<td>.58 (.39)</td>
<td>.072</td>
<td>.119</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

n = 39

Table A2: Partisan Differences in Percentage of Tickets Player 2 Returns in the Trust Game

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Mean (s.e.)</th>
<th>p-value</th>
<th>p-value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>t-test</td>
<td>Wilcoxon signed-rank test</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Co-Partisans minus Rival Partisans</td>
<td>2.3 (2.4)</td>
<td>.345</td>
<td>.120</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Co-Partisans minus Anonymous</td>
<td>1.4 (2.2)</td>
<td>.516</td>
<td>.802</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

n = 63
Table A3. Trust Differentiation between Co-Partisans & Rival Partisans
(weak partisan identifiers removed)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Coefficient</th>
<th>(Standard Error)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Political Sophistication</td>
<td>3.92 *</td>
<td>(.27)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Democrat</td>
<td>2.71 *</td>
<td>(1.13)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Strong Partisan</td>
<td>4.87 *</td>
<td>(1.32)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Internal Political Efficacy</td>
<td>.98</td>
<td>(1.35)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income</td>
<td>.56 *</td>
<td>(1.21)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male</td>
<td>-1.54</td>
<td>(1.17)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age</td>
<td>-.11</td>
<td>(.18)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Religious Attendance</td>
<td>.72</td>
<td>(.36)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Constant</td>
<td>-5.42</td>
<td>(3.99)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>n</th>
<th>σ</th>
<th>Pseudo R2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>39</td>
<td>2.72</td>
<td>.11</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Tobit estimation
*p ≤ .05 (two-tailed test)

Table A4. Descriptive Statistics for Variables in Table 3.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Mean</th>
<th>Std. Dev.</th>
<th>Min</th>
<th>Max</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Political Sophistication</td>
<td>0.70</td>
<td>0.26</td>
<td>0.14</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Democrat</td>
<td>0.41</td>
<td>0.50</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Strong Partisan</td>
<td>0.09</td>
<td>0.29</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moderate Partisan</td>
<td>0.50</td>
<td>0.50</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Internal Political Efficacy</td>
<td>0.31</td>
<td>0.47</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income</td>
<td>5.58</td>
<td>2.40</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male</td>
<td>0.67</td>
<td>0.47</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age</td>
<td>21.25</td>
<td>3.21</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Religious Attendance</td>
<td>3.73</td>
<td>1.38</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Study Protocol/Instrument

Subject Consent Form

Description
We are interested in how people form and interpret social preferences. In order to answer this question, we are asking you to take a short online survey. You will be asked to play four quick online social games followed a series of questions regarding your background and preferences. At the end of the study we will send an email explaining the study and its outcome.

Risks and Benefits
There are no risks to participating in this study. It is possible that you may receive a financial benefit.

Cost and Payments
The tests will take about 15 minutes to finish. There are no other costs for helping us with this study. Approximately 200 people will participate in the study. You have the potential to win one of three $100 prizes that will be raffled to the participants at the end of the study. How you play the games in the study affect the number of raffle tickets you receive. You may receive extra credit (10 points on your final exam) in your political science course for being part of this project.

Confidentiality
We will not put your name on any of your tests but we will need your email in case you win one of the prizes. This identifying information is only for payment purposes and will be destroyed after winners are notified. After the identifying information is destroyed, we do not believe that you can be identified from any of your answers.

Right to Withdraw
You do not have to take part in this study. If you start the study and decide that you do not want to finish, all you have to do to withdraw is stop and close the webpage. Whether or not you choose to participate or to withdraw will not affect your standing with the Department of Political Science, or with the University, and it will not cause you to lose any benefits to which you are entitled. Inducements, if any, will be prorated based on sections of the study you complete.

IRB Approval
This study has been reviewed by The University of Mississippi’s Institutional Review Board (IRB). The IRB has determined that this study fulfills the human research subject protections obligations required by state and federal law and University policies.

Generally speaking, do you usually think of yourself as a Republican, a Democrat, or an Independent?

- Strong Democrat
- Democrat
- Independent, but closer to Democrat
• Independent
• Independent, but closer to Republican
• Republican
• Strong Republican

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Thank you for participating in today’s study. Please note that:

1.) In this study you will be asked to make some decisions in games involving virtual raffle tickets generated by this software. If at any time you find that this study is something that you do not wish to participate in for any reason, you are of course free to quit whether you have started or not.

2.) You will play four separate games. At the beginning of each, you will be given 10 raffle tickets, but depending on the decisions you make, you may receive additional raffle tickets. At the end of the study, the researchers will raffle off three cash prizes worth $100 each.

3.) After playing the games, you will answer a short questionnaire.

DESCRIPTIONS OF GAMES USED IN THIS STUDY

You will play four separate games today. We are pairing you with real individuals in the games. However, you will never personally interact with these individuals. In addition, you will never know their identity and they will never know yours. The individuals you have been paired with live in the United States.

NEXT SCREEN

GAME 1 INSTRUCTIONS

In this game, there are two players: “Player 1” and “Player 2”. You are Player 1.

Player 2, like you, received 10 raffle tickets to participate in the study. You will not be told who this person is either during or after the survey (nor will that person be told who you are).

Today, you will have the opportunity to send some, all, or none of 10 raffle tickets to Player 2. The amount sent will be tripled by the researchers and this person will have the option of returning to you as many tickets as they have. At the end of the game you will have the tickets you kept and any that are returned to you.

The game is as follows:
1.) You must decide how many raffle tickets (if any) you will send to Player 2. Any amount you keep for yourself will be given to you.

2.) Whatever amount you send to Player 2 will be tripled before it is passed on to Player 2. Player 2 then has the option of returning any portion of this tripled amount to you. Then, the game is over.

For example:
(a) If you send 1 ticket, Player 2 will receive 3 tickets.
(b) If you send 5 tickets, Player 2 will receive 15 tickets.

These are examples only.

To review, any number of tickets you send will be tripled and given to Player 2. This person will keep the tickets you send them, minus the number of tickets they return to you. Your payoff in this game is the number of raffle tickets that you kept for yourself, plus any tickets Player 2 returned to you.

To clarify how this game works, consider the following examples:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If you send:</th>
<th>Player 2 receives:</th>
<th>Player 2 might return:</th>
<th>You receive: (10 - # sent + # returned)</th>
<th>Player 2 receives: (10 + # received - # returned)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 ticket</td>
<td>3 tickets</td>
<td>1 ticket</td>
<td>10 - 1 + 1 = 10 tickets</td>
<td>10 + 3 - 1 = 12 tickets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 tickets</td>
<td>15 tickets</td>
<td>2 tickets</td>
<td>10 - 5 + 2 = 7 tickets</td>
<td>10 + 15 - 2 = 23 tickets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 tickets</td>
<td>15 tickets</td>
<td>10 tickets</td>
<td>10 - 5 + 10 = 15 tickets</td>
<td>10 + 15 - 10 = 15 tickets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 tickets</td>
<td>30 tickets</td>
<td>10 tickets</td>
<td>10 - 10 + 10 = 10 tickets</td>
<td>10 + 30 - 10 = 30 tickets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0 tickets</td>
<td>0 tickets</td>
<td>0 tickets</td>
<td>10 - 0 + 0 = 10 tickets</td>
<td>10 + 0 - 0 = 10 tickets</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Once you understand this game, and are ready to make a decision, select the amount from the options below and advance to the next game.

- 0
- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6
- 7
GAME 2

This game is played the same way as the first game. Like the previous game, in this game, there are two players: "Player 1" and "Player 3". You are Player 1.

Player 3, like you, received 10 raffle tickets to participate in the study. You will not be told who this person is either during or after the survey (nor will that person be told who you are). We have chosen to give you a one piece of information about Player 3:

**Player 3 identifies politically as an Independent.**

As in the previous game, you will have the opportunity to send some, all, or none of 10 raffle tickets to Player 3. Remember that the number of tickets you send, if any, will be tripled by the researchers and sent to Player 3. This person will have the option of returning to you as many tickets as they have. At the end of the game you will have the tickets you kept and any that are returned to you.

Recall the following examples:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If you send:</th>
<th>Player 3 receives:</th>
<th>Player 3 might return:</th>
<th>You receive: ((10 - # \text{ sent} + # \text{ returned}))</th>
<th>Player 3 receives: ((10 + # \text{ received} - # \text{ returned}))</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 ticket</td>
<td>3 tickets</td>
<td>1 ticket</td>
<td>(10 - 1 + 1 = 10 \text{ tickets})</td>
<td>(10 + 3 - 1 = 12 \text{ tickets})</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 tickets</td>
<td>15 tickets</td>
<td>2 tickets</td>
<td>(10 - 5 + 2 = 7 \text{ tickets})</td>
<td>(10 + 15 - 2 = 23 \text{ tickets})</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 tickets</td>
<td>15 tickets</td>
<td>10 tickets</td>
<td>(10 - 5 + 10 = 15 \text{ tickets})</td>
<td>(10 + 15 - 10 = 15 \text{ tickets})</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 tickets</td>
<td>30 tickets</td>
<td>10 tickets</td>
<td>(10 - 10 + 10 = 10 \text{ tickets})</td>
<td>(10 + 30 - 10 = 30 \text{ tickets})</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0 tickets</td>
<td>0 tickets</td>
<td>0 tickets</td>
<td>(10 - 0 + 0 = 10 \text{ tickets})</td>
<td>(10 + 0 - 0 = 10 \text{ tickets})</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Once you understand this game, and are ready to make a decision, select the amount from the options below and advance to the next game.

- 0
- 1
- 2
This game is played the same way as the previous games. Like the previous game, in this game, there are two players: “Player 1” and “Player 4”. You are Player 1.

Player 4, like you, received 10 raffle tickets to participate in the study. You will not be told who this person is either during or after the survey (nor will that person be told who you are). We have chosen to give you a one piece of information about Player 3:

**Player 4 identifies politically as a Democrat.**

As in the previous game, you will have the opportunity to send some, all, or none of 10 raffle tickets to Player 4. Remember that the number of tickets you send, if any, will be tripled by the researchers and sent to Player 4. This person will have the option of returning to you as many tickets as they have. At the end of the game you will have the tickets you kept and any that are returned to you.

Recall the following examples:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If you send:</th>
<th>Player 4 receives:</th>
<th>Player 4 might return:</th>
<th>You receive: (10 - # sent + # returned)</th>
<th>Player 4 receives: (10 + # received - # returned)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 ticket</td>
<td>3 tickets</td>
<td>1 ticket</td>
<td>10 - 1 + 1 = <strong>10 tickets</strong></td>
<td>10 + 3 - 1 = <strong>12 tickets</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 tickets</td>
<td>15 tickets</td>
<td>2 tickets</td>
<td>10 - 5 + 2 = <strong>7 tickets</strong></td>
<td>10 + 15 - 2 = <strong>23 tickets</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 tickets</td>
<td>15 tickets</td>
<td>10 tickets</td>
<td>10 - 5 + 10 = <strong>15 tickets</strong></td>
<td>10 + 15 - 10 = <strong>15 tickets</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 tickets</td>
<td>30 tickets</td>
<td>10 tickets</td>
<td>10 - 10 + 10 = <strong>10 tickets</strong></td>
<td>10 + 30 - 10 = <strong>30 tickets</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0 tickets</td>
<td>0 tickets</td>
<td>0 tickets</td>
<td>10 - 0 + 0 = <strong>10 tickets</strong></td>
<td>10 + 0 - 0 = <strong>10 tickets</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Once you understand this game, and are ready to make a decision, select the amount from the options below and advance to the next game.

- 0
- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6
- 7
- 8
- 9
- 10

NEXT SCREEN

GAME 4

This game is played the same way as the previous games. Like the previous game, in this game, there are two players: “Player 1” and “Player 5”. You are Player 1.

Player 5, like you, received 10 raffle tickets to participate in the study. You will not be told who this person is either during or after the survey (nor will that person be told who you are). We have chosen to give you a one piece of information about Player 3:

**Player 5 identifies politically as a Republican.**

As in the previous game, you will have the opportunity to send some, all, or none of 10 raffle tickets to Player 5. Remember that the number of tickets you send, if any, will be tripled by the researchers and sent to Player 5. This person will have the option of returning to you as many tickets as they have. At the end of the game you will have the tickets you kept and any that are returned to you.

Recall the following examples:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If you send:</th>
<th>Player 5 receives:</th>
<th>Player 5 might return:</th>
<th>You receive: ((10 - # \text{ sent} + # \text{ returned}))</th>
<th>Player 5 receives: ((10 + # \text{ received} - # \text{ returned}))</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 ticket</td>
<td>3 tickets</td>
<td>1 ticket</td>
<td>(10 - 1 + 1 = 10 \text{ tickets})</td>
<td>(10 + 3 - 1 = 12 \text{ tickets})</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Once you understand this game, and are ready to make a decision, select the amount from the options below and advance to the next game.

- 0
- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6
- 7
- 8
- 9
- 10

Now we have a few questions about you and your views about politics.

What is your gender?

In years, how old are you?__________

Please choose the category that describes the total amount of INCOME earned in 2008 by your PARENTS or GUARDIANS. Consider all forms of income, including salaries, tips, interest and dividend payments, scholarship support, student loans, parental support, social security, alimony, and child support and others.

- $15,000 or under
- $15,001 - $25,000
- $25,001 - $35,000
- $35,001 - $50,000
- $50,001 - $65,000
- $65,001 - $80,000
- $80,001 - $100,000
• over $100,000

Which party currently has the most members in the House of Representative in Washington?

• Republican
• Democrat

Which party currently has the most members in the Senate in Washington D.C.?

• Republican
• Democrat

Who has the final responsibility to decide if a law is constitutional or not?

• President
• Congress
• Supreme Court

Whose responsibility is it to nominate judges to the Federal Courts?

• President
• Congress
• Supreme Court

What is the job held by John Roberts_______________________________

What is the job held by Gordon Brown? _______________________________

What is the job held by Eric Holder? _______________________________

Do you agree with the statement: “Sometimes politics and government seem so complicated that a person like me can't really understand what's going on.”

• Yes, I agree with the statement
• No, I do not agree with the statement
Would you say you go to (church/synagogue) every week, almost every week, once or twice a month, a few times a year, or never?

- No religious preference
- Never
- A few times a year
- Once or twice a month
- Almost every week
- Every week

Game Instrument for Subjects in the Role of Player 2

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Thank you for participating in today’s study. Please note that:

1.) In this study you will be asked to make some decisions in games involving virtual raffle tickets generated by this software. If at any time you find that this study is something that you do not wish to participate in for any reason, you are of course free to quit whether you have started or not.

2.) You will play four separate games. At the beginning of each, you will be given 10 raffle tickets, but depending on the decisions made by other players and your own choices, you may receive additional raffle tickets. At the end of the study, the researchers will raffle off three cash prizes worth $100 each.

3.) After playing the games, you will answer a short questionnaire.

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NEXT SCREEN

GAME 1 INSTRUCTIONS

In this game, there are two players: you and “Player 1.”
Player 1, like you, received 10 raffle tickets to participate in the study. You will not be told who this person is either during or after the survey (nor will that person be told who you are).

Player 1 elected to give you [0-10] of their 10 raffle tickets. We have tripled this amount so that you will receive [0-30] raffle tickets.

Today, you will have the opportunity to send some, all, or none of the [10-40] total raffle tickets you have received from the researchers or the other player. This person will then keep the tickets you send them, if any, and you keep the remainder.

The game is as follows:

1.) You must decide how many raffle tickets (if any) you will send to Player 1. Any amount you keep for yourself will be given to you.

To review, Player 1 has elected to give you [0-10] raffle tickets. We tripled this amount to give you [0-30] tickets. Player 1 will receive the 10 tickets allotted to them, minus the [0-10] he/she gave to you, plus any tickets you send them. You will receive the number of the [0-40] raffle tickets that you keep for yourself.

To clarify how this game works, consider the following examples:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If Player 1 sends:</th>
<th>You receive:</th>
<th>If you return:</th>
<th>Player 1 receives: (10 - # \text{ sent} + # \text{ returned})</th>
<th>You receive: (10 + # \text{ received} - # \text{ returned})</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 ticket</td>
<td>3 tickets</td>
<td>1 ticket</td>
<td>(10 - 1 + 1 = 10 \text{ tickets})</td>
<td>(10 + 3 - 1 = 12 \text{ tickets})</td>
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<tr>
<td>5 tickets</td>
<td>15 tickets</td>
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<td>5 tickets</td>
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<tr>
<td>10 tickets</td>
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<td>10 tickets</td>
<td>(10 - 10 + 10 = 10 \text{ tickets})</td>
<td>(10 + 30 - 10 = 30 \text{ tickets})</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0 tickets</td>
<td>0 tickets</td>
<td>0 tickets</td>
<td>(10 - 0 + 0 = 10 \text{ tickets})</td>
<td>(10 + 0 - 0 = 10 \text{ tickets})</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Once you understand this game, and are ready to make a decision, select and write the amount below and advance to the next game.

NEXT SCREEN

GAME 2 INSTRUCTIONS

In this game, there are two players: you and “Player 2.”
Player 2, like you, received 10 raffle tickets to participate in the study. You will not be told who this person is either during or after the survey (nor will that person be told who you are).

Player 2 identifies politically as an INDEPENDENT.

Player 2 elected to give you [0-10] of their 10 raffle tickets. We have tripled this amount so that you will receive [0-30] raffle tickets.

Today, you will have the opportunity to send some, all, or none of the [10-40] total raffle tickets you have received from the researchers or the other player. This person will then keep the tickets you send them, if any, and you keep the remainder.

The game is as follows:

1.) You must decide how many raffle tickets (if any) you will send to Player 2. Any amount you keep for yourself will be given to you.

To review, Player 2 has elected to give you [0-10] raffle tickets. We tripled this amount to give you [0-30] tickets. Player 2 will receive the 10 tickets allotted to them, minus the [0-10] he/she gave to you, plus any tickets you send them. You will receive the number of the [0-40] raffle tickets that you keep for yourself.

Recall the following examples:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If Player 2 sends:</th>
<th>You receive:</th>
<th>If you return:</th>
<th>Player 2 receives: (10 - # sent + # returned)</th>
<th>You receive: (10 + # received - # returned)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 ticket</td>
<td>3 tickets</td>
<td>1 ticket</td>
<td>10 - 1 + 1 = <strong>10 tickets</strong></td>
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<td>10 tickets</td>
<td>30 tickets</td>
<td>10 tickets</td>
<td>10 - 10 + 10 = <strong>10 tickets</strong></td>
<td>10 + 30 - 10 = <strong>30 tickets</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0 tickets</td>
<td>0 tickets</td>
<td>0 tickets</td>
<td>10 - 0 + 0 = <strong>10 tickets</strong></td>
<td>10 + 0 - 0 = <strong>10 tickets</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Once you understand this game, and are ready to make a decision, select and write the amount below and advance to the next game.

**NEXT SCREEN**

**GAME 3 INSTRUCTIONS**

In this game, there are two players: you and “Player 3.”
Player 3, like you, received 10 raffle tickets to participate in the study. You will not be told who this person is either during or after the survey (nor will that person be told who you are).

Player 3 identifies politically as a DEMOCRAT.

Player 3 elected to give you [0-10] of their 10 raffle tickets. We have tripled this amount so that you will receive [0-30] raffle tickets.

Today, you will have the opportunity to send some, all, or none of the [10-40] total raffle tickets you have received from the researchers or the other player. This person will then keep the tickets you send them, if any, and you keep the remainder.

The game is as follows:

1.) You must decide how many raffle tickets (if any) you will send to Player 3. Any amount you keep for yourself will be given to you.

To review, Player 3 has elected to give you [0-10] raffle tickets. We tripled this amount to give you [0-30] tickets. Player 3 will receive the 10 tickets allotted to them, minus the [0-10] he/she gave to you, plus any tickets you send them. You will receive the number of the [0-40] raffle tickets that you keep for yourself.

Recall the following examples:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If Player 3 sends:</th>
<th>You receive:</th>
<th>If you return:</th>
<th>Player 3 receives: (10 - # \text{ sent} + # \text{ returned})</th>
<th>You receive: (10 + # \text{ received} - # \text{ returned})</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 ticket</td>
<td>3 tickets</td>
<td>1 ticket</td>
<td>(10 - 1 + 1 = 10) tickets</td>
<td>(10 + 3 - 1 = 12) tickets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 tickets</td>
<td>15 tickets</td>
<td>2 tickets</td>
<td>(10 - 5 + 2 = 7) tickets</td>
<td>(10 + 15 - 2 = 23) tickets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 tickets</td>
<td>15 tickets</td>
<td>10 tickets</td>
<td>(10 - 5 + 10 = 15) tickets</td>
<td>(10 + 15 - 10 = 15) tickets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 tickets</td>
<td>30 tickets</td>
<td>10 tickets</td>
<td>(10 - 10 + 10 = 10) tickets</td>
<td>(10 + 30 - 10 = 30) tickets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0 tickets</td>
<td>0 tickets</td>
<td>0 tickets</td>
<td>(10 - 0 + 0 = 10) tickets</td>
<td>(10 + 0 - 0 = 10) tickets</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Once you understand this game, and are ready to make a decision, select and write the amount below and advance to the next game.

NEXT SCREEN

GAME 4 INSTRUCTIONS
In this game, there are two players: you and “Player 4.”

Player 4, like you, received 10 raffle tickets to participate in the study. You will not be told who this person is either during or after the survey (nor will that person be told who you are).

Player 4 identifies politically as a REPUBLICAN.

Player 4 elected to give you [0-10] of their 10 raffle tickets. We have tripled this amount so that you will receive [0-30] raffle tickets.

Today, you will have the opportunity to send some, all, or none of the [10-40] total raffle tickets you have received from the researchers or the other player. This person will then keep the tickets you send them, if any, and you keep the remainder.

The game is as follows:

1.) You must decide how many raffle tickets (if any) you will send to Player 4. Any amount you keep for yourself will be given to you.

To review, Player 4 has elected to give you [0-10] raffle tickets. We tripled this amount to give you [0-30] tickets. Player 4 will receive the 10 tickets allotted to them, minus the [0-10] he/she gave to you, plus any tickets you send them. You will receive the number of the [0-40] raffle tickets that you keep for yourself.

Recall the following examples:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If Player 3 sends:</th>
<th>You receive:</th>
<th>If you return:</th>
<th>Player 3 receives: (10 - # sent + # returned)</th>
<th>You receive: (10 + # received - # returned)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 ticket</td>
<td>3 tickets</td>
<td>1 ticket</td>
<td>10 - 1 + 1 = 10 tickets</td>
<td>10 + 3 - 1 = 12 tickets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 tickets</td>
<td>15 tickets</td>
<td>2 tickets</td>
<td>10 - 5 + 2 = 7 tickets</td>
<td>10 + 15 - 2 = 23 tickets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 tickets</td>
<td>15 tickets</td>
<td>10 tickets</td>
<td>10 - 5 + 10 = 15 tickets</td>
<td>10 + 15 - 10 = 15 tickets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 tickets</td>
<td>30 tickets</td>
<td>10 tickets</td>
<td>10 - 10 + 10 = 10 tickets</td>
<td>10 + 30 - 10 = 30 tickets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0 tickets</td>
<td>0 tickets</td>
<td>0 tickets</td>
<td>10 - 0 + 0 = 10 tickets</td>
<td>10 + 0 - 0 = 10 tickets</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Once you understand this game, and are ready to make a decision, select and write the amount below and advance to the next game.