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Change in depressive symptoms and mental health-related quality of life in Northeast Germany between 1997-2001 and 2008-2012

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eTable 1 Change in prevalence of depressive symptoms (upper tertile of DEEX scale or intake of antidepressant ATC N06A) among men and women in North-Eastern Germany, from 1997-2001 to 2008-2012

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Group</th>
<th>1997-2001 Total (% (95%-CI))</th>
<th>2008-2012 Total (% (95%-CI))</th>
<th>1997-2001 Men (% (95%-CI))</th>
<th>2008-2012 Men (% (95%-CI))</th>
<th>1997-2001 Women (% (95%-CI))</th>
<th>2008-2012 Women (% (95%-CI))</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Overall</td>
<td>30.8 (29.3, 32.3)</td>
<td>30.8 (29.3, 32.2)</td>
<td>24.4 (22.4, 25.6)</td>
<td>23.3 (21.5, 25.2)</td>
<td>36.9 (34.8, 39.1)</td>
<td>38.2 (36.0, 40.3)</td>
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<tr>
<td>By age group</td>
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<tr>
<td>20-34</td>
<td>27.4 (24.6, 30.5)</td>
<td>26.4 (23.0, 30.0)</td>
<td>22.5 (18.7, 26.8)</td>
<td>20.3 (16.3, 25.2)</td>
<td>32.8 (28.7, 37.2)</td>
<td>32.9 (27.9, 38.4)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35-49</td>
<td>32.3 (29.5, 35.3)</td>
<td>28.3 (25.8, 30.9)</td>
<td>26.7 (22.9, 30.8)</td>
<td>22.1 (18.8, 25.7)</td>
<td>38.4 (34.3, 42.5)</td>
<td>35.1 (31.5, 39.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50-64</td>
<td>33.9 (31.1, 36.8)</td>
<td>35.9 (33.3, 38.6)</td>
<td>24.5 (21.0, 28.3)</td>
<td>29.2 (25.7, 32.9)</td>
<td>42.7 (38.6, 46.9)</td>
<td>42.5 (38.8, 46.3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65-81</td>
<td>28.2 (25.1, 31.4)</td>
<td>31.6 (28.7, 34.6)</td>
<td>22.4 (18.8, 26.5)</td>
<td>20.6 (17.4, 24.2)</td>
<td>32.1 (27.7, 36.8)</td>
<td>40.6 (36.2, 45.1)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

a p-value <0.001, b p-value <0.01 or c p-value <0.05 for risk difference from adjusted inverse probability weighted regression model.