

Supporting information

A lipophilic fluorescent LipidGreen-based quantification method for high-throughput screening analysis of intracellular poly-3-hydroxybutyrate

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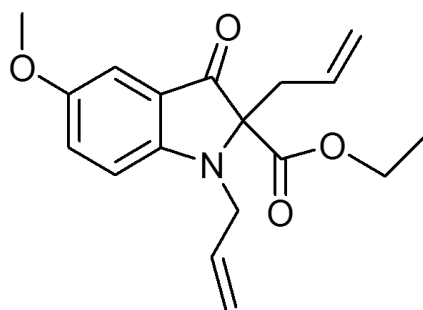
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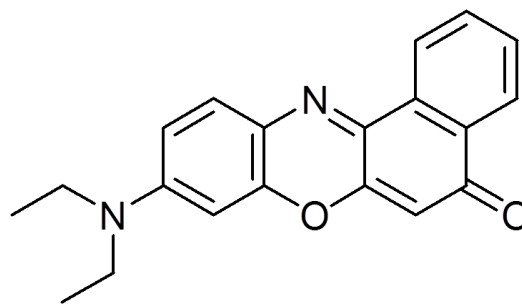
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This supporting information has 6 pages and includes four figures and one table namely Figure S1, S2, S3, and Table S1.



LipidGreen1



Nile red

Fig. S1 Chemical structures of LipidGreen1 and Nile red.

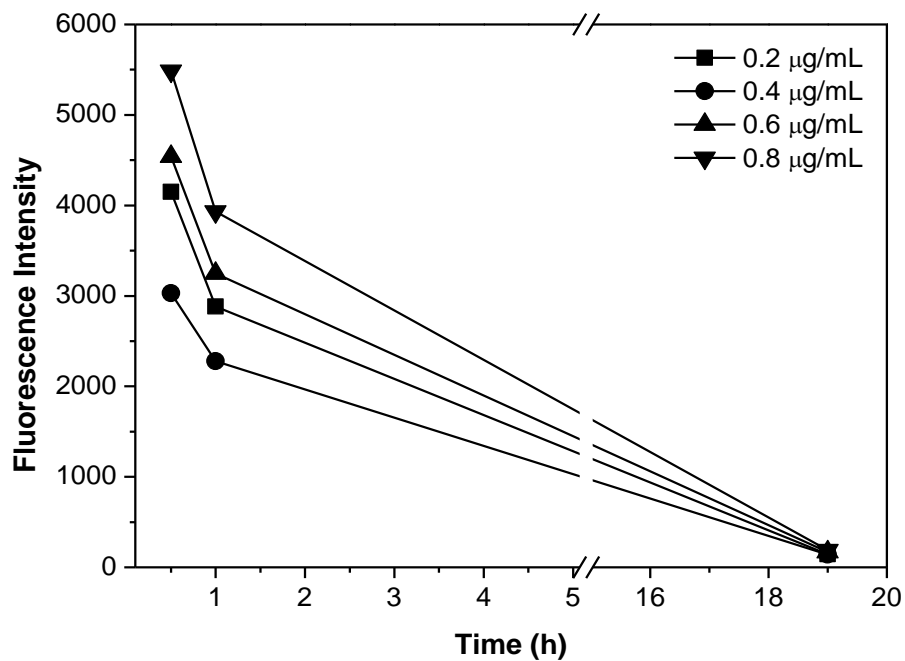


Fig. S2 The fluorescence intensities of cell suspensions incubated with different concentrations of Nile red. The cell suspension was prepared by resuspending PHB-producing cells into PBS buffer to make OD_{600} 2.0. Two microliter of Nile red solution (0.2, 0.4, 0.6, and 0.8 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$) was added to 1 mL of cell suspension. After further incubation for 0.5, 1, and 19 h in dark place, the fluorescence intensities were measured soon after isolation of the 200 μL of incubated solution.

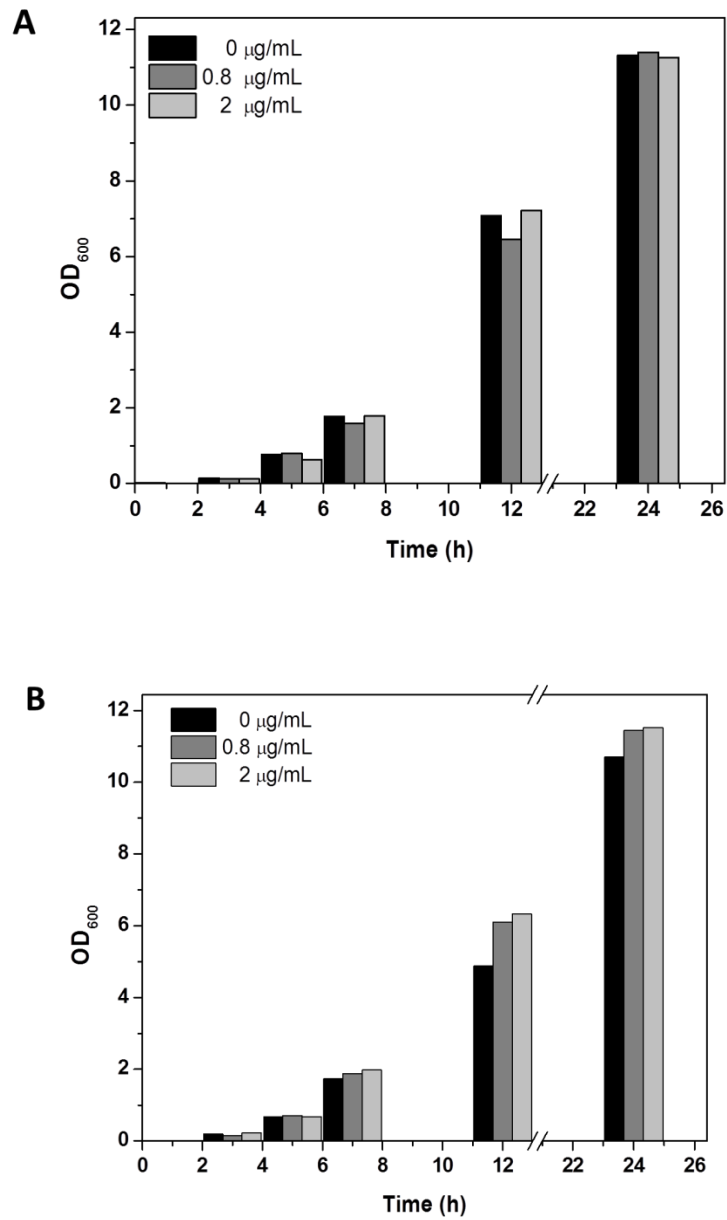


Fig. S3 The optical density of cell cultures of *E.coli* XL1-Blue harboring pReCAB under the different concentration of LipidGreen1(A) and Nile red (B). Single colony of PHB-producing cell was inoculated into 2 mL of LB broth and incubated for 20 h at 37°C. The culture was transferred to 100 mL of LB medium containing LipidGreen1 at the final concentrations of 0,

0.8, and 2 $\mu\text{g/mL}$ and further incubated at 37°C with shaking (200 rpm). One milliliter of the culture was isolated every 2 or 3 h to measure the optical density at 600nm.

Table S1 PHB accumulation in mutant clones^a.

Mutant	PHB contents (%)
M3	0.27
M11	36.33
M21	4.98
M43	2.87
M50	17.75
M54	48.14
Wild-type	17.85

^a The clones showing relatively high and low fluorescence intensities than the wild type were selected to determine PHB contents. PHB contents were measured by GC analysis.